

Protect Children from Lead

Reduce exposure to lead in your OEC-licensed Child Care Center or Group Child Care Home.



A Child Care Center or Group Child Care Home, located in a building built before 1978, may contain lead-based paint. Lead exposure can lead to health issues, especially in young children.

Any renovation or repair work **must** be completed by an EPA RRP certified firm.

The EPA's Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) Rule aims to protect the public from lead-based paint hazards associated with renovations, repair and painting activities as they can create hazardous lead dust when leaded surfaces are disturbed.

The RRP Rule requires that renovations of child-occupied facilities be done by EPA RRP firms who employ certified renovators that are trained in lead-safe work practices.

WHAT DO I DO NEXT?

- For new Child Care Center licensed applicants: you
 are required to have a comprehensive lead inspection
 completed by a CT DPH-licensed Lead Consultant *prior*to opening. If any lead hazards are identified, they <u>must</u>
 be remediated prior to opening. The remediation <u>must</u>
 be conducted by an EPA RRP certified firm.
- For an OEC-licensed Child Care Center that is adding new spaces, this must be approved by OEC. You <u>must</u> have a comprehensive lead inspection of those new areas by a CT DPH-licensed Lead Consultant. If any lead hazards are identified, they <u>must</u> be remediated by an EPA RRP certified firm.
- If an OEC-licensed Child Care Center has a lead management plan, the Operator <u>must</u> regularly check those areas for hazards such as chipping and peeling paint or bare soil areas. The Operator <u>must</u> notify OEC and the local health department about the hazards and hire an EPA RRP certified firm to correct the hazards.



